EPIGENETICS

All diseases have a <u>genetic</u> component.
<u>Epigenetics</u> _ refers to the factors that affect the way genes work, independent of the genes themselves.
The same genes can have different expressions. You can impact how your genes <u>are</u> <u>expressed</u> based on what you do.
Because two tribes of PIMA Indians have the same diabetes genes, yet in one tribe >50% have diabetes and in the other it remains very low, we know that <u>factors</u> other than genes <u>triggered</u> <u>diabetes</u> .
The Prostate Cancer Study shows us that genes can be turned on and off with <u>dietary</u> <u>changes</u> in as little as 90 days.
Dr. Charlotte Ling and her team of researchers have identified over 800 genes that have epigenetic changes which can affect diabetes.
One sugar hit may change epigenetic structure for <u>2</u> weeks.
The most powerful way to optimize your genetic expression is through your choice of <u>food</u> .
Another way to optimize your potential is through <u>activity</u> .